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(71) Applicant: EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY  
Rochester, New York 14650 (US)

(72) Inventor:  
Small, Jeffrey Alan,  
c/o Eastman Kodak Company  
Rochester, New York 14650-2201 (US)

(74) Representative:  
Lewandowsky, Klaus, Dipl.-Ing. et al  
Kodak Aktiengesellschaft,  
Patentabteilung  
70323 Stuttgart (DE)

(54) Printer parameter compensation by a host camera

(57) A system wherein already-existing computing and memory resources in an electronic camera are used to process an image for printing. Rather than duplicating, in printers, computing and memory resources that are already in digital cameras, significant computing and memory resources need exist only in the camera. A digital camera can support many different printers, each with its own set of parameters such as for example print size, pixel size, colorimetry, sensitometry,

and artifacts compensation. Printer parameters are uploaded from the printer to the camera to provide a basis for image processing specific to the associated printer; whereby compensation may be done for variations in the printer characteristics which may occur as a result of printer manufacturing variations, and further so that compensation may be done for different media types which may be installed in the printer.

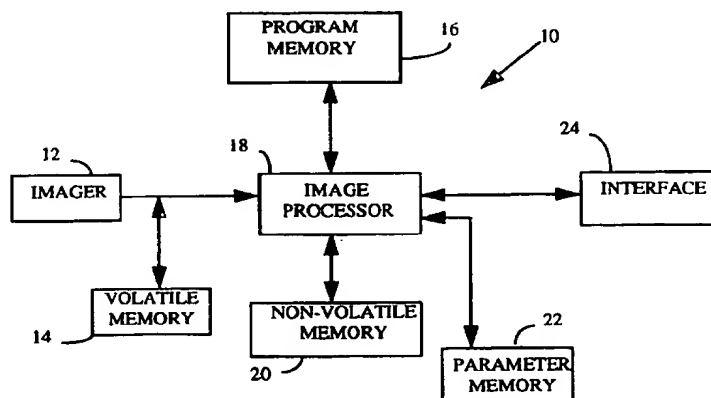


FIG. 1

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## Description

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to digital cameras and associated printers for producing hardcopy images captured by such cameras.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Typically, images captured by digital cameras must be processed before they are printed. This processing is carried out in the printer. Significant computing and memory resources are required to process an image for printing. Accordingly, the printer must be provided with expensive computing and memory resources. One solution known in the prior art is to provide access to a stand-alone computer that is connectable to both the camera and the printer, either directly or by portable memory. This solution is inappropriate when the printer is to be used in remote locations distanced from the computer.

### DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

According to a feature of the present invention, I have come to appreciate that computing and memory resources, which already exist in electronic cameras in order for the camera to capture, process, compress, and store images, can be used to provide the computing and memory resources that are required to process an image for printing.

It is an object of the present invention to provide a system wherein already-existing computing and memory resources in an electronic camera are used to process an image for printing. This is possible because the existing computing and memory resources are otherwise generally idle during the printing stage. Accordingly, it is a feature of the present invention that, rather than duplicating, in printers, computing and memory resources that are already in digital cameras, the present invention provides for camera and printer systems wherein significant computing and memory resources need exist only in the camera. Because such resources are already required by the camera in order to perform the camera functions, the cost of the camera is not increased. Because the resources are no longer required in the printer, the overall system cost is greatly reduced.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a digital camera that can support many different printers, each with its own set of parameters such as for example print size, pixel size, colorimetry, sensitometry, and artifacts compensation. Accordingly, it is a feature of the present invention to provide for uploading printer parameters from the printer to the camera to provide a basis for image processing specific to the associated printer; whereby compensation may be done for varia-

tions in the printer characteristics which may occur as a result of printer manufacturing variations, and further so that compensation may be done for different media types which may be installed in the printer.

The invention, and its objects and advantages, will become more apparent in the detailed description of the preferred embodiments presented below.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In the detailed description of the preferred embodiments of the invention presented below, reference is made to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1 is a schematic block diagram of a digital camera according to the present invention;

Figure 2 is a schematic block diagram of a digital printer according to the present invention; and

Figure 3 is a schematic block diagram of a camera-printer system according to another embodiment of the present invention.

### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present description will be directed in particular to elements forming part of, or cooperating more directly with, apparatus in accordance with the present invention. It is to be understood that elements not specifically shown or described may take various forms well known to those skilled in the art. Referring to Figure 1, a digital camera 10 provides significant image processing and memory resources to capture, process, compress, and store images. An imager 12 includes an array of image sensors. Conventionally, a complete image frame is available in digital form from imager 12; only for a short time interval. Thus, the captured image is temporarily stored in raw form in a volatile memory 14. Various image processing algorithms are stored in a program memory 16; and are executed by an image processor 18 in order to process the image data stored in volatile memory 14. For example, the image processing algorithms may include all or some of the processes of image sensor tone scale compensation, color filter array interpolation, color space transformation, re-sizing, spatial filtering, and compression. The resulting processed image data is then typically stored in a nonvolatile memory 20.

This stored image must be further processed prior to printing. Such further processing may include some or all of the steps of decompression, color space transformation into color planes that coincide with the process colors of the particular printer, re-sizing, rotation, and compensation for the printing process. In prior art systems, this further processing has been effected by computing and memory resources in the printer or in a stand-alone computer. According to the present invention, this further processing is performed using the resources which are already in camera 10. It is advanta-

geous to perform all of the processing using the resources in camera 10 in order to avoid the additional expense of including similar resources in the printer. To effect such image processing in camera 10, the camera is provided with a parameter memory 22 and a printer interface 24, both to be further described hereinafter.

Referring to Figure 2, a printer 30 includes a camera interface 32, an inexpensive simple processor 34, a media transport mechanism 36, an image memory 38, a program memory 40, and a marking apparatus 42. A processed image, received from camera 10 of Figure 1 via interface 32, may be stored by printer 30 in image memory 38 for subsequent printing by marking means 42 under the control of simple processor 34 and a program stored in program memory 40, or the processed image may be printed immediately. Simple processor 34 need not be capable of executing printer compensation algorithms.

Parameters which may vary as a result of manufacturing variations in the printer may be measured by an external means 44 at the time of manufacture. Said parameters may then be stored in a variable parameter table 46 which is part of the printer. Camera 10 may query printer 30 to establish whether the printer will perform compensation for the variable parameters, or whether the camera should request and accept the variable parameters from the printer, and subsequently perform compensation for said variable parameters. The printer provides both fixed parameters from a fixed parameter table 48 and variable parameters from its variable parameter table 46 to the camera by means of camera and printer interfaces 24 and 32, respectively. The camera stores these parameters in local parameter memory 22. When an image in either volatile memory 14 or non-volatile memory 20 is selected for printing, image processor 18 processes said selected image using the fixed and variable parameters which are stored in parameter memory 22 and transmits the processed image to the printer by means of the interfaces 24 and 32. Processing may include all or part of the operations of image sensor tone scale compensation, color filter array interpolation, decompression, color space transformation, re-sizing, rotation, cropping, spatial filtering, and compensation for the printing process, but is not limited to these specific operations.

In addition, parameters which can vary during printing may also be transmitted by the printer to the camera during the printing process and used by image processor 18 to further compensate the image for printing process variations during the printing operation. The parameters may include temperature, ink viscosity, measured density, and any other parameters which are known to vary with the specific printing process employed by the printer.

Further, parameters characteristic of particular media material at media transport mechanism 36 may be determined by simple processor 34 over an interface

50 and transmitted to the camera. The media parameters may include parameters which vary with media type and parameters which vary between different batches of media due to manufacturing variations. Thus, compensation for the media parameters may be done by image processor 18 in the camera.

Any such media parameters, fixed parameters, and variable parameters may be transferred from printer 30 to camera 10 by means of a removable non-volatile memory cartridge 52 shown in Figure 3. The memory cartridge may also be used to transfer images between the camera and the printer. As used herein, the phrases "camera interface and printer interface" are intended to include cable connections, transferable memory, radiation transmission (light, microwave, infrared, etc.), and other forms of information transfer between components.

The invention has been described in detail with particular reference to preferred embodiments thereof, but it will be understood that variations and modifications can be effected within the spirit and scope of the invention.

## Claims

1. A digital camera for use with a printer having predetermined process colors and printing process characteristics; said camera comprising:
  - a camera interface for connecting to a printer;
  - an imager to capture images;
  - an image processor with program memory for processing the captured image to produce an initially processed image; and
  - additional program memory for further processing the initially processed image to effect one or more of the following: decompression, color space transformation into color space planes that coincide with the process colors of the particular printer, re-sizing, rotation; and printer compensation for the printing process of the printer.
2. A digital camera as set forth in Claim 1 further comprising a parameter memory into which printer process parameters can be stored.
3. A digital camera as set forth in Claim 1 further adapted to effect one or more of the following: image sensor tone scale compensation, color filter array interpolation, color space transformation, re-sizing, and spatial filtering; and data compression.
4. A digital camera for use with printers having predetermined process colors and printing process parameters, a camera interface, an inexpensive simple processor, a program memory, and a marking apparatus under the control of the program memory; said camera comprising:

an imager to capture images;

an image processor with program memory for processing the captured image to produce an initially-processed image;

additional program memory for further processing the initially-processed image to effect one or more of the following: decompression, color space transformation into color planes that coincide with the process colors of the particular printer, re-sizing, rotation, cropping, spatial filtering, compensation for the printing process, and media parameters; and a printer interface for receiving process color and printing process parameters from the printer and for transmitting processed images to the printer.

mation into color planes that coincide with the process colors of the particular printer, re-sizing, rotation, cropping, spatial filtering, compensation for the printing process, and media parameters and a printer interface for receiving process color and printing process parameters from the printer and for transmitting processed images to the printer.

5. A system comprising:

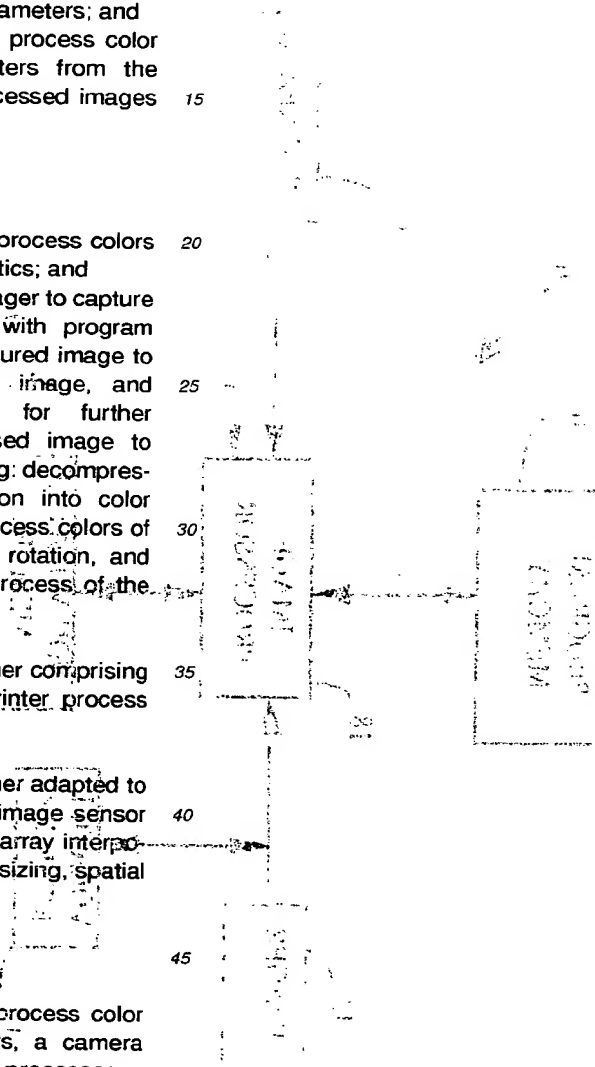
a printer having predetermined process colors and printing process characteristics; and a digital camera including an imager to capture images, an image processor with program memory for processing the captured image to produce an initially-processed image, and additional program memory for further processing the initially-processed image to effect one or more of the following: decompression, color space transformation into color planes that coincide with the process colors of the particular printer, re-sizing, rotation, and compensation for the printing process of the printer.

6. A system as set forth in Claim 5 further comprising a parameter memory into which printer process parameters can be stored.

7. A system as set forth in Claim 5 further adapted to effect one or more of the following: image sensor tone scale compensation, color filter array interpolation, color space transformation, re-sizing, spatial filtering, and data compression.

8. A system comprising:

a printer having predetermined process color and printing process parameters, a camera interface, an inexpensive simple processor, a program memory, and a marking apparatus under the control of the program memory; and a camera having an imager to capture images, an image processor with program memory for processing the captured image to produce an initially-processed image, additional program memory for further processing the initially-processed image to effect one or more of the following: decompression, color space transfor-



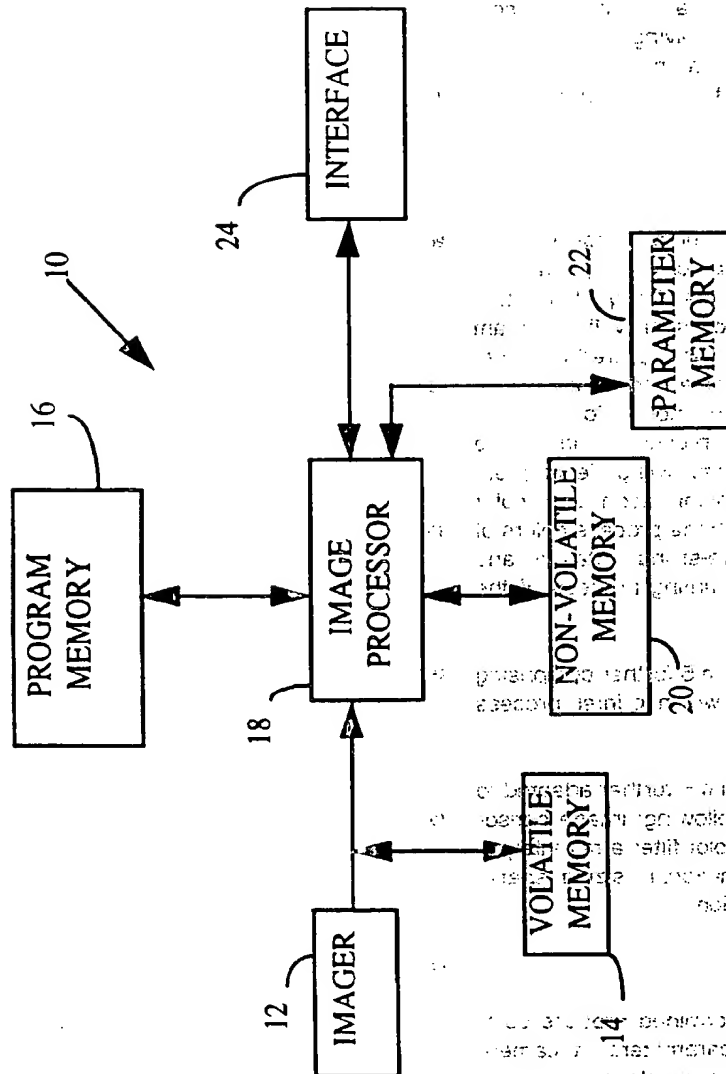


FIG. 1

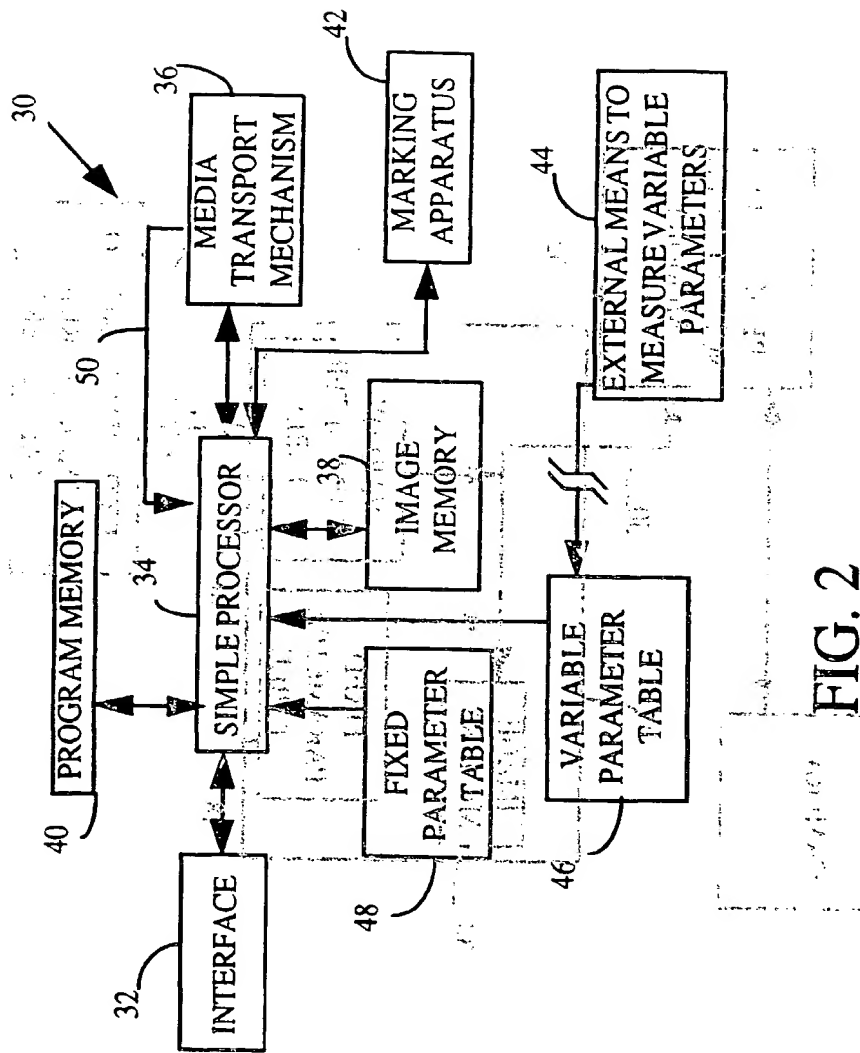


FIG. 2

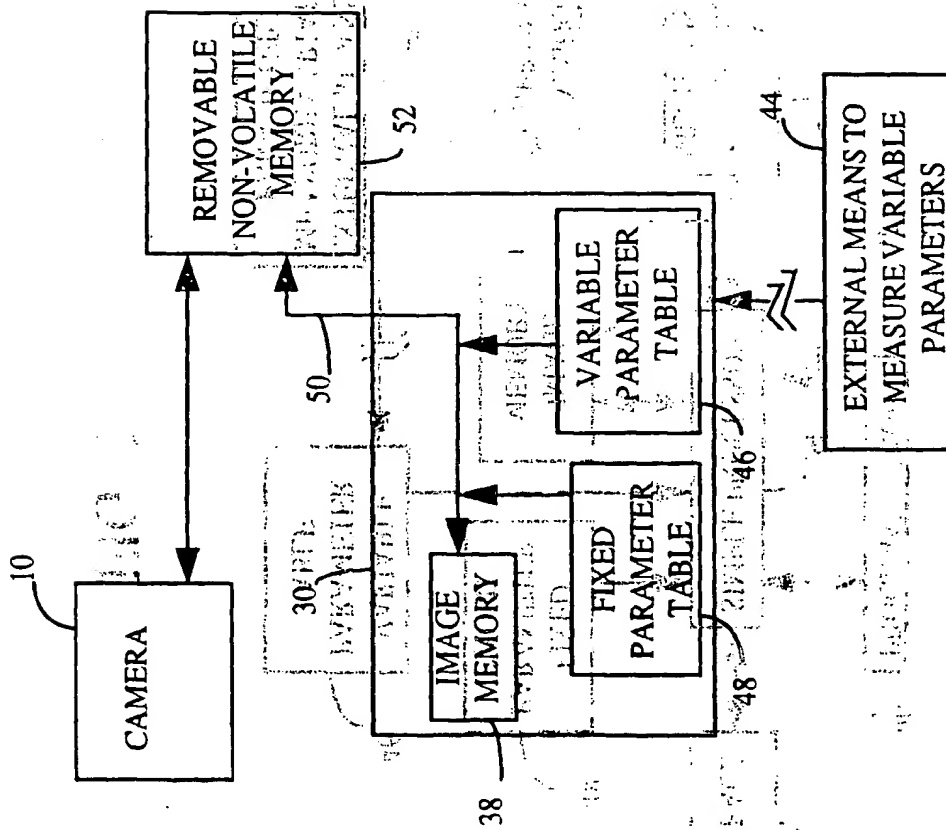


FIG. 3

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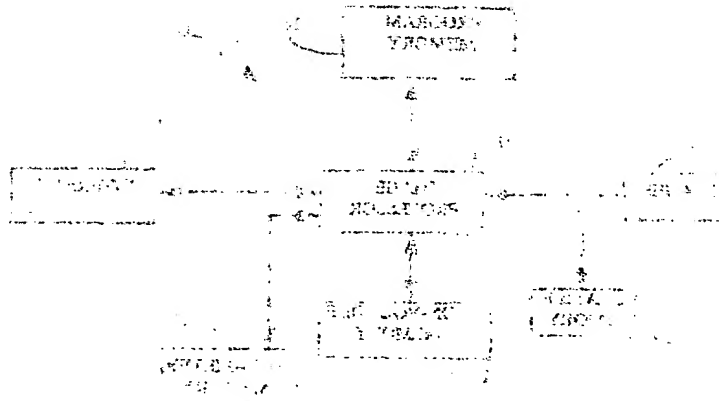
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## EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number  
EP 02 07 5707

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Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.7)
X	EP 0 869 656 A (EASTMAN KODAK CO) 7 October 1998 (1998-10-07) * the whole document * -----	1-9	H04N1/21
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.7)
			H04N
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search THE HAGUE		Date of completion of the search 13 June 2002	Examiner Stoffers, C
<b>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</b> X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document			

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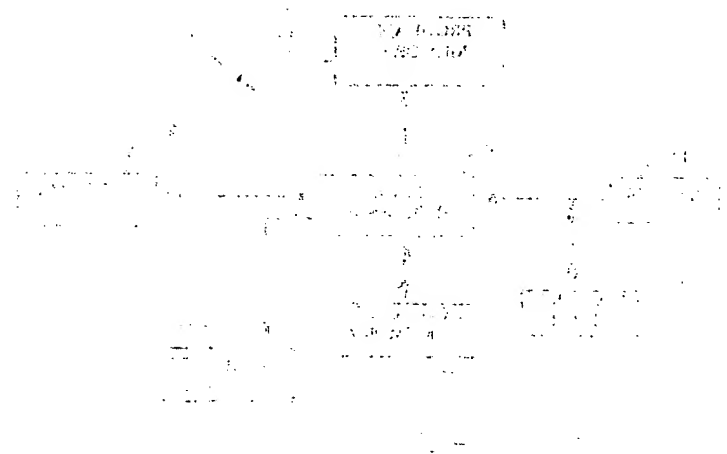
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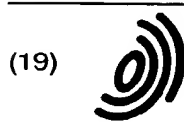
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1. The first step in the process of identifying a problem is to determine the nature of the problem. This involves gathering information about the problem and its context.





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(72) Inventor:  
**Small, Jeffrey Alan,  
c/o Eastman Kodak Company  
Rochester, New York 14650-2201 (US)**

(30) Priority: 04.04.1997 US 833106

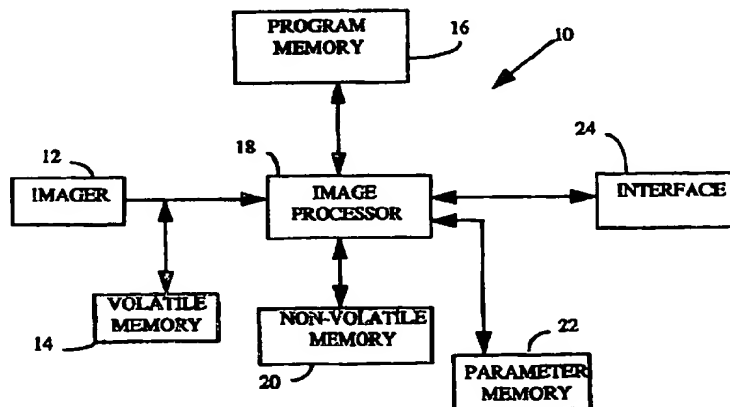
(74) Representative:  
**Lewandowsky, Klaus, Dipl.-Ing. et al  
Kodak Aktiengesellschaft,  
Patentabteilung  
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**FIG. 1**

**EP 0 869 656 A3**



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# EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number  
EP 98 20 0921

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			H04N
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search THE HAGUE		Date of completion of the search 23 September 1999	Examiner Isa, S
<p><b>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</b></p> <p>X : particularly relevant if taken alone  Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category  A : technological background  O : non-written disclosure  P : intermediate document</p> <p>T : theory or principle underlying the invention  E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date  D : document cited in the application  L : document cited for other reasons  &amp; : member of the same patent family, corresponding document</p>			

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EP 98 20 0921

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